HOME ECONOMICS

GENERAL OBJECTIVES

The aim of the Unified Tertiary Matriculation Examination (UTME) syllabus in Home Economics is to prepare the candidates for the Board's examination. It is designed to test the candidate achievement of the course objectives, which are to:

- 1. Acquire knowledge on the concepts and principles of Home Economics education;
- 2. Apply the principles of foods and nutrition to meal planning and the adoption of safe sanitary habits;
- 3. Be able to select appropriate clothing for all occasions and body types;
- 4. Apply the knowledge of housing selection, planning the interior space arrangement of furniture and furnishing the home.

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES		
SECTION A. HOME ECONOMICS			
 Home Economics Meaning, scope and importance of Home Economics Objectives and ideals of Home Economics 	 Candidates should be able to i examine the importance of Home Economics; ii. identify the objectives of Home Economics. 		
 Areas/Careers in Home Economics a. Home Economics - Interior decoration - Credit management - Florist 	 Candidates should be able to: i determine the scope of Home Economics; ii. recommend possible vocations in the different areas of Home Economics; 		
 Teaching Foods and Nutrition Catering Dietetics Nutritionist Public Health Education c. Clothing and Textile Fashion designing 	 iii. relate skills required to each vocation; iv. assess the benefits of each vocation to the individual and society; v. identify current vocations in Home Economics; vi. identify sources of career information. 		
 Teaching d. Family and Child development Early and childhood educator 			
e. Counseling f. Media g. Research			

DETAILED SYLLABUS

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES		
 Interrelationship of Home Economics with other subjects: Biology, Geography, Chemistry, Agricultural Science and Fine Arts. 	 Candidates should be able to: i. compare the different areas of study from which Home Economics derive its knowledge; ii. determine the contributions of these subject to Home Economics. 		
 SECTION B: HOME MANAGEMENT Home Management Meaning of Home Management Steps in the management process Decision-making: meaning and process Motivation for home management e.g. goals values, standards and needs. 	 Candidates should be able to: Highlight the meaning of home management; identify steps involved in the management process; determine issues for decision-making in the home; examine the role of motivators in home management. 		
 2. Resources a. Human Resources Time management; definition/ types Types of worktime Factors influencing the use of time Advantages of time management Energy, definition and reasons for energy management Work simplication - its purpose guidelines for work simplication and time saving gadgets; b. Material Resource: definition/types money management meaning and types of income principles of money management household budgeting; steps in making a budget economic security of the family bank accounts traditional savings, building societies and insurance. 	 Candidates should be able t i. identify the resources available to the individual and family; ii. determine the steps involved in household budgeting; iii. examine ways of family saving; iv. apply the principle of time. management to work simplification in the home; v. examine the sources of income available to an individual; vi. give reasons for saving family income; v. examine the sources of income available to an individual; vi. give reasons for saving family income; vi. give reasons for saving family income; vi. give reasons for saving family income; vii. suggest alternative resources for home management; viii. analyse the principles of money management. 		
 3. Family Living a. Definition and types of family Advantages and disadvantages of Family type Role of a family life cycle b. Family relationships Husband/wife relationship, parent/child relationship, brother/sister or sibling relationships Factors that influence family relationship 	 Candidates should be able to: i. compare types of family; ii. differentiate between the types of relationships that exist in the family; iii. determine the factors that influence family relationships; iv. assess the influence of family size on family relationships; v. identify characteristics and problems of adolescents. 		

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES		
 c. Basic personality profiles Meaning of Personality Extroversion, introversion and Anxiety/stability Adolescents and their problems Family crises 	 vi. compare the basic personality profiles (extrovert, introvert); vii. identify types of family crises; viii. suggest ways of solving family crises 		
 4. Marriage/Sex Education Meaning of marriage Boy/Girl relationship Courtship Factors to consider when choosing a partner Prepare for marriage Meaning and purpose of engagement types of marriage; Islamic, Christian, Court and Traditional Planning a family. 	 Candidates should be able to: i differentiate between types of marriages in Nigeria; ii. compare the advantages and disadvantages of inter-tribal marriages, iii. analyse the role of courtship and engagement in marriages; iv. examine the different ways of planning a family. 		
 5. Pregnancy and childbirth a. Menstruation, pregnancy and childbirth, labour delivery and postnatal care b. Childcare, baby's layette care of the baby, bathing, feeding etc. c. Care of toddlers 	 Candidates should be able to: i. describe the process from conception to birth; ii. determine the care an infant needs from birth to 5 years; iii. determine the factors that affect pregnancy; iv. analyse complications that arise during labour; 		
 common ailments in children immunization. d. child development 	v. differentiate between the stages of labour;vi. identify the symptoms of common		
 stages, social and emotional Good habits and character training e. Play and play materials 	 ailments in children. vii. differentiate between the types of viii. trace the stages of development in children ix. recommend suitable play materials 		
6. Housing the family	for children ;		
 a. Houses and home Types of houses Factors that affect the choice of a house Ways of acquiring a house 	 Candidates should be able to: i. differentiate between a house and a home; ii. determine the factors that influence regidential choice; 		
 b. Interior decoration Wall finishing and the application of principles of art and design to colours textures 	 residential choice; iii. identify items that beautify living areas; iv. suggest suitable colours, textures and other related factors that should be considered in interior 		

OBJECTIVES		
decoration;		
 v. determine factors that influence choice and arrangement of furniture; vi. compare different floral arrangements; 		
 Candidates should be able to: i. identify utilities in the home; ii. appraise the advantages and disadvantages of these utilities in relation to their alternatives 		
 Candidates should be able to: identify common surfaces in the homes suggest cleaning agents and their uses in the home; identify materials needed for preparing local cleaning agents; compare the care of the following wood plastic concrete rugs mats lineum. 		
 Candidates should be able to: differentiate between the types of liquid household refuse; suggest ways of disposing household refuse; identify some disease transmitted by pests; examine sources of pollution; determine the health hazards of pollution. 		
 Candidates should be able to: identify the types of media used by advertisers; assess its advantages and disadvantages determine sources of consumer, advice and information; apply the principles of consumer education to wise shopping; analyse the rights and responsibilities of the consumer. 		

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES		
 SECTION C: FOODS & NUTRITION 1. Foods and Nutrition a. definition of food and nutrition classification of nutrients, their source and function, deficiency diseases Classification of foods, cereals, fats and oils, sugars, milk and milk products, meat, fish pulses, nuts, fruits and vegetables. b. The digestive system c. Nutrition for special groups e.g. infants, toddlers, adolescents. 	 Candidates should be able to : differentiate between the following terms: food nutrients, carbohydrates, mineral elements, fatty acids enzymes, metabolism and digestion; analyse the process which break down large food molecules; recommend the nutritional need for special groups; determine the reasons for the nutritional needs of the following: expectant/ lactating mothers sedentary /manual workers children between 5 and 8 years 		
 2. Meal planning a. Principles of meal planning differentiate between dietary needs and meals for special occasions/groups preparation and serving of meals. snacks and beverages 	Candidates should be able to: i. identify factors that influence the choice and preparation of food for the family;		
b. Table setting, table manners and hostessing	 ii. plan meals for special groups/ occasions: iii. compare types of table setting; iv. determine the qualities of a good hostess. 		
 3. Cookers and cooking a. Types of cookers b. Reasons for cooking c. Methods of cooking heat transference by conduction convection and radiation care of cookers moist and dry methods of cooking 	 Candidates should be able to: suggest reasons for cooking food; identify types of cooker and their care. iii. group the methods of cooking into the following: Moist methods Dry methods Fast methods Slow methods 		
 4. Flours and uses a. Types and uses of flours b. Raising agent e.g air, yeast palmwine, steam, etc. 	 Candidates should be able to: identify types of flours and their uses; select appropriate raising agents for basic mixtures; use flour to produce assorted food items; 		
 5. Basic mixtures Pastries/Batters Definition/uses 	Candidates should be able to: i. differentiate between batters and pastries; ii. use batters and pastries for different purposes;		

TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES	OBJECTIVES
 6. Recipes and methods Scientific methods in foods and nutrition measure units and accuracy various nutrients tests in food e.g test for protein, fats and carbohydrates. 7. The Kitchen: types of kitchen; arrangement tools and equipment selection, use and care 	 Candidates should be able to: i. develop basic recipes in food preparation ii. demonstrate skills in unit measurements; iii. detect the nutrient in a given food. Candidates should be able to: i. compare large and small kitchen equipment and tools; ii. determine factors to consider in selecting tools and equipment.
 8. Safety and hygiene a. Common accidents in the home causes of accidents in the home/. preventive measures. b. First Aid; definition/components of a first aid kit simple first aid for burns, scalds, cuts bruises, bleeding, electric shock, poisoning, chocking and bites. c. Kitchen, personal and food hygiene Communicable and non communicable disease. d. Sense organs: Exercise and cosmetics care of sense organs 	 Candidates should be able to: i. identify common accidents in the home; suggest ways of making the home a safe place to live in; specify items which should be included in a first aid kit suggest simple first aid for scalds, cuts, bleeding, burns etc. v. detect ways in which food is contaminated; vi. compare communicable and non-communicable diseases and their preventive measures; determine the effect of exercise and cosmetics on the skin; describe the structure of the sensory organs; ix. suggest ways of taking care of the sensory organs.
 9. Food Storage and Preservation a. Meaning and purpose of preservation causes of food spoilage principles of food preservation methods of food preservation. b. Convenience foods definition and types guidelines for selection additives to convenience foods. c. Rechauffe dishes meaning, rules and types 	 Candidates should be able to: i. identify agents of food spoilage; ii. analyse the principles involved in the preservation and storage of foods; iii. compare the advantages and disadvantages of food preservation; iv. identify convenience foods; v. compare the advantages and disadvantages of using convenience foods vi. determine guidelines for selecting convenience foods; vii. identify additives used in convenience foods;

 advantages and disadvantages of rechauffe dishes 			OBJECTIVES		
		disadvantages of rechauffe dishes			
10. Home Gardening		Candidates should be able to:			
	- definition	i.	determine the procedure involved		
	 common gardening tools 		in home gardening;		
	 advantages of home gardening 	ii.	identify gardening tools;		
		iii.	assess the economic importance of home gardening;		
	ION D: CLOTHING & TEXTILE				
	bres and Fabrics		lidates should be able to;		
a.	origin of fibres	i.	differentiate between weaves using		
-	definition of texile terms, eg fibres,		diagrams;		
	fabrics, yarn, staple, filament, blends	ii.	determine the characteristics of		
	and dye		fabrics;		
b.	1 1	iii.	identify reasons for giving finishing		
	fibres e.g cotton, rayon and silk		to fabrics;		
c.	fabric finishes: moth-proofing,	iv.	compare types of labels found on clothing.		
	embossing, durable pleating, flame-				
đ	proofing and stain-repellant		access the importance of label on		
u. -	Textile labelling meaning and types	v.	assess the importance of label on		
-	recognition of washing, cleaning		garments.		
	and ironing symbols, wool symbols				
2. Se	wing equipment and garment	Cand	lidates should be able to:		
	onstruction	i.	identify the types and parts of a		
	Sewing machine		sewing machine;		
	types, parts, use and its care	ii.	describe various process in		
	Basic process in garment		garment constructions;		
	construction e.g basic stitches,	iii.	apply basic process in garment		
	seams edge finishes, crossway		construction;		
	strips.	iv.	determine style features on		
	•		garments;		
c.	Style features e.g collars, yokes,	v.	determine style features to enhance		
	pockets, frills, cuts and belts.		the beauty and quality of garments;		
		vi.	apply decorative designs on		
d.	Arrangement of fullness e.g darts,		fabrics;		
d.	tuck gathering, pleats, smocking				
d.	tuck gathering, pleats, smocking and shirring.		fabrics;		
d. e.	tuck gathering, pleats, smocking and shirring. Decorative design decorative	vii.	fabrics; differentiate between types of		
	tuck gathering, pleats, smocking and shirring. Decorative design decorative Stitches, needlecraft e.g tarting,		fabrics; differentiate between types of household clothing using various		
	tuck gathering, pleats, smocking and shirring. Decorative design decorative Stitches, needlecraft e.g tarting, crotcheting, knitting, appliqué		fabrics; differentiate between types of		
e.	tuck gathering, pleats, smocking and shirring. Decorative design decorative Stitches, needlecraft e.g tarting, crotcheting, knitting, appliqué patch work and soft toys.	vii.	fabrics; differentiate between types of household clothing using various designs;		
	tuck gathering, pleats, smocking and shirring. Decorative design decorative Stitches, needlecraft e.g tarting, crotcheting, knitting, appliqué patch work and soft toys. Simple processes and mend		fabrics; differentiate between types of household clothing using various designs; apply the knowledge of sewing to		
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e. f.	tuck gathering, pleats, smocking and shirring. Decorative design decorative Stitches, needlecraft e.g tarting, crotcheting, knitting, appliqué patch work and soft toys. Simple processes and mend garments e.g patching, darning and renovation, batik/tie and dye	vii.	fabrics; differentiate between types of household clothing using various designs; apply the knowledge of sewing to mend and renovate garments; compare the process of making		
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e. f. 	tuck gathering, pleats, smocking and shirring. Decorative design decorative Stitches, needlecraft e.g tarting, crotcheting, knitting, appliqué patch work and soft toys. Simple processes and mend garments e.g patching, darning and renovation, batik/tie and dye Garment construction figure types, body measurement choice of styles for different figures	vii. viii. ix. x.	fabrics; differentiate between types of household clothing using various designs; apply the knowledge of sewing to mend and renovate garments; compare the process of making batic/tie and dye; relate body figures to the selection of styles and fabrics;		
e. f. -	tuck gathering, pleats, smocking and shirring. Decorative design decorative Stitches, needlecraft e.g tarting, crotcheting, knitting, appliqué patch work and soft toys. Simple processes and mend garments e.g patching, darning and renovation, batik/tie and dye Garment construction figure types, body measurement	vii. viii. ix.	fabrics; differentiate between types of household clothing using various designs; apply the knowledge of sewing to mend and renovate garments; compare the process of making batic/tie and dye; relate body figures to the selection		

	TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES		OBJECTIVES
- - i.	basic rules in wardrobe planning factors affecting wardrobe planning, weather, occupation, personal features. good grooming, dress sense and accessories. definition	xiii.	 wardrobe planning; compare the following terms: a. Good grooming b. Dress sense c. Accessories d. Colour harmony
		Candida	ates should be able to:
3. La	undry and care of clothes	i.	arrange in correct order the
a.	Washing and finishing process, sorting, mending, removal of stains, soaking, rinsing, drying and ironing	ii.	processes involved in the washing finishing of clothing; compare the role of stiffeners and
b.	laundry agents – water, detergents,		disinfectants in laundry work;
	soaps, stiffness and disinfectants	iii.	suggest ways of removing common
с.	Stain		stains;
-	meaning, types, removing	iv.	differentiate between the following:
-	agents,		a. Laundry agents
-	process of remova		b. Stains
d.	Iron and ironing temperature		c. Ironing temperatures.

RECOMMENDED TEXTS

- Anfani-Joe, M.E. and Ogunjide, L.O. (1993). Home Management for Senior Secondary Schood 1 – 3, Ibadan: University Press
- Anyakoha, E.U. and Eluwa, M. (1990). Home Management for Schools and Colleges: Onitsha: Africana FIRST Publishers.
- Anyakoha, E.U (2006). Home Economics for Junior Secondary Schools Books 1 3 Years): Onitsha Africana FIRST Publishers
- Neil, A and Hesmondhalgh, Z. (1985). Revised Home Economic: A Complete Revision *Course for O'Level and GCE, Charles Co. Ltd.*
- Ogunjide, L.O., Egbuchulam, B., Eyisi, O. Anifani-Joe, M.E and Olusanya, J.O. (1993). Clothing and Textiles for Senior Secondary Schools 1 – 3, Ibadan: University
- Olusanya, J.O., Eyis, O. Anfani-Joe, M.E. Ogunjide, L.O. and Egbuchlam, B. (1990). Foods and Nutrition for Secondary Schools Books 1 – 3, Ibadan: University Press Plc.
- Olusanya, J. O., Olojala, S. O., Bala, F and Eyisi, O. (2000). Exam Focus, Food and *Nutrition for WASSCE and SSCE, Ibadan: University Press Plc.*